Using Methamphetamine (Meth) Know the Risks

Meth is an addictive drug. It can affect how your brain and body work, and can even cause death. You may hear it called:

Crank Crystal Glass Ice Speed A HIGH BODY TEMPERATURE **HEART** If you get too hot, you could die **PROBLEMS HALLUCINATIONS** (seeing, feeling or **MEMORY** hearing things that LOSS are not there) Meth can hurt you! If you use meth, it can cause: **PARANOIA** VIOLENT (thinking **BEHAVIOR** people are out to get you) SEVERE DENTAL **ADDICTION** (teeth) PROBLEMS **TROUBLE** THINKING



PREGNANT

If you use meth while you are pregnant:



Your baby could be born:

- With heart and brain defects
- O Too small



O Too early
Your baby's placenta
(the organ that provides
food and oxygen to
your baby) can become
detached. This can
result in harm or death
for you and your baby.



METH IS A BIG PROBLEM!

- In the U.S. 2 million people used meth in 2019 and up to
 1.2 million people use meth every month.
- In 2019, 184,000
 people used meth for
 the first time in the U.S.
 That is 501 new users
 each day.
- In 2019, Arkansas ranked 1st in the U.S. for meth-positive urine tests, with nearly 3 in 10 testing positive.

If you use meth:



- You may be **more likely** to be involved in criminal activities.
- 4 in 10 violent crimes and 5 in 10 property crimes in Arkansas are related to meth.
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 - Your risk of dying is higher.
 - O Meth-related deaths in the U.S. are **5 times higher** than they were in 2010
 - O In 2016, meth took at least 67 people's lives in Arkansas.



- The number of meth users admitted to Arkansas drug rehab centers has more than
- doubled in the past several years.



If you use meth, you can get help!

If you want to find a treatment provider, call the **Arkansas Department of Human Services Mental Health and Substance Use Support Line: 1-844-763-0198.**

If you have an emergency, call 911.

Some of this information came from:

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Millenium Health. Millennium Health Signals Report.™ National Drug Use Trends. Volume 2, 2020. Valenti TD, Hines J, McMurray M, Azzam SG. 2019 Gulf Coast HIDTA Drug Threat Assessment. Accessed on January 17, 2021 from arc-associates.net/vahoo_site_admin/assets/docs/2019_Gulf_Coast_HIDTA_Threat. Assessment.344102751.pdf2019. Arkansas Department of Health. Drug Overdose Deaths in Arkansas: 2000 - 2016. Accessed on January 17, 2021 from healthv.arkansas.gov/images/uploads/pdf/Mortality_Report - 2017_v3.pdf.

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